

## Memorandum

To: Ms. Colleen Conover, Lake Hopatcong Commission

From: Patrick Rose, Princeton Hydro

CC: Fred Lubnow, Ph.D., Princeton Hydro

Date: 4 August 2021

RE: 6 July 2021 – Cyanotoxin Testing – Lake Hopatcong

Pages: 7

Princeton Hydro conducted the first of two 2021 cyanobacteria / cyanotoxin testing events at Lake Hopatcong on 6 July 2021. The data collected as part of this effort are provided below.

## Methodology

Princeton Hydro sampled at eight (8) stations on 6 July 2021. At each station, plankton grab samples were collected, preserved with Lugol's, and the cyanobacteria community was identified to genus by Princeton Hydro; densities were quantified as cells / mLs. In addition, at each site samples were collected in glass vials and analyzed the same day for the cyanotoxins microcystin, cylindrospermopsin, and anatoxin-a utilizing Abraxis Algal Toxin Test Strip Kits and read with an Abraxis Field Meter. It should be noted that this analytical methodology is not NJ-State certified and cannot be used in a regulatory capacity. However, the resulting data can be used for informational and management purposes. In-situ monitoring was also conducted at each station utilizing an In-Situ AquaTROLL 500 water quality meter which was calibrated prior to use; Princeton Hydro is State certified in its use of field meters (NJDEP: #10006). In-situ phycocyanin concentrations were also measured at each station with a Turner fluoroprobe. The locations of the sample stations are shown in the figure attached to the end of this memo. Please note that only stations B1-B8 were sampled during this event, as B9 and B10 were supplemental stations monitored in past years. Photos of the sampling stations are also attached at the end of this memo.

#### Results

The results of the sampling effort are listed in the following tables (Tables 1 through 4).















**Table 1: Cyanotoxin Data** 

Station	Microcystin	Cylindrospermopsin	Anatoxin	
	(ppb)	(ppb)	(ppb)	
B1	Negative	Negative	Negative	
B2	Negative	Negative	Negative	
В3	Negative	Negative	Negative	
B4	Negative	Negative	Negative	
B5	Negative	Negative	Negative	
В6	Negative	Negative	Negative	
В7	Negative	Negative	Negative	
B8	Negative	Negative	Negative	

Table 2: In-situ Data

In-Situ Data 7/6/21							
Station	Secchi	Temperature	Specific Conductance	Dissolved Oxygen   pH		рН	Notes
	(m)	°C	mS/cm	mg/L	% Sat.	S.U.	
							Slightly clouded/some particulates, yellow-brown, some
B1	1.0	25.95	0.367	7.29	92.4	7.40	floating Eurasian watermilfoil (EWM) and Vallisneria
							Slightly clouded/some particulates,yellow-brown, some
							floating EWM and Vallisneria . Naiad sp. and Vallisneria
B2	1.0	25.84	0.398	7.88	100.1	7.33	rooted
							Dense EWM and mat algae present, clear to bottom,
В3	0.5	25.67	1.023	14.59	194.6	9.00	slight green tint
							Slight green tint with particulates, EWM present, patches
B4	0.9	25.01	1.159	9.40	117.8	7.85	of mat algae along swim line
							Clear, slightly green, Coontail and Vallisneria noted, trace
B5	2.0	25.41	0.434	9.09	114.3	8.14	EWM
B6/Outlet	1.4	25.46	0.433	7.09	89.2	7.46	Yellow brown hue, some partic
В7	ı	26.07	0.431	7.68	97.7	7.54	clear
B8	1.9	25.13	0.427	8.73	109.2	7.86	Clear, slight green tint

**Table 3: Phycocyanin Concentrations** 

Station	Phycocyanin				
	(ppb)				
B1	13				
B2	12				
В3	6				
B4	9				
B5	6				
В6	8				
В7	7				
В8	6				

**Table 4: Plankton Data** 

Cyanobacteria Community Composition Analysis									
Sampling Location: Lake Hopatcong		Sampling Date: 7/6/21			Examination Date: 7/26/21				
Phytoplankton									
Cyanophyta (Blue-Green									
Algae)	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	B8	
Aphanizomenon						1,735		1,698	
Dolichospermum		684	550	746	14,474	1,084	15,765	17,547	
Aphanocapsa	9,968	6,153						5,189	
Pseudanabaena	3,204	5,332		1,119					
Chroococcus	2,314	273	659		1,034			377	
Microcystis	2,314	8,203							
Coelosphaerium					4,265			6,321	
Sites:	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	B8	
Total Cyanobacteria									
Cells/mL	17800	20645	1209	1865	19773	2819	15765	31132	

#### **Summary:**

A total of seven cyanobacteria genera were identified in the near-shore samples. Cyanobacteria densities were generally low throughout the lake and only two stations had cyanobacteria cell counts that exceeded 20,000 cells/mL. Stations B2 and B8 would fall under the "Watch" HAB Alert Level while none of the remaining six stations would be classified under any NJDEP HAB Alert Tier. Cyanobacteria cell counts ranged from a minimum of 1,209 cells/mL at B3 to a maximum of 31,132 cells/mL at B8. The dominant genus varied by station and included Aphanocapsa, Microcystis, and Dolichospermum. Phycocyanin concentrations were relatively low and did not exceed 13 ppb at any station. Based on these results, no significant surface cyanobacteria blooms were present at any of these stations during the monitoring event.

Cylindrospermopsin values were negative at all eight stations, meaning concentrations were well below 0.5 ppb or absent from the sample. Microcystins were negative at all eight stations, indicating that concentrations were absent or well below the detection limit for these tests (<1 ppb). Anatoxin-a values were also negative at all eight stations, indicating concentrations were absent or below 0.4 ppb. As such, all of these values remained below the draft recreational health advisories set by the NJDEP for each of the cyanotoxins tested (Microcystin: 3 ppb; Cylindrospermopsin: 8 ppb; Anatoxin: 27 ppb). Based on these results, no HABs were present during the time of sampling.











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Finally, all of the near-shore sampling sites appeared to be visually acceptable, with mostly clear water adjacent to the beach, with slightly cloudier or green tints farther out. No stations exhibited any signs of significant cyanobacteria blooms. Photos of all stations can be found at the end of this document.

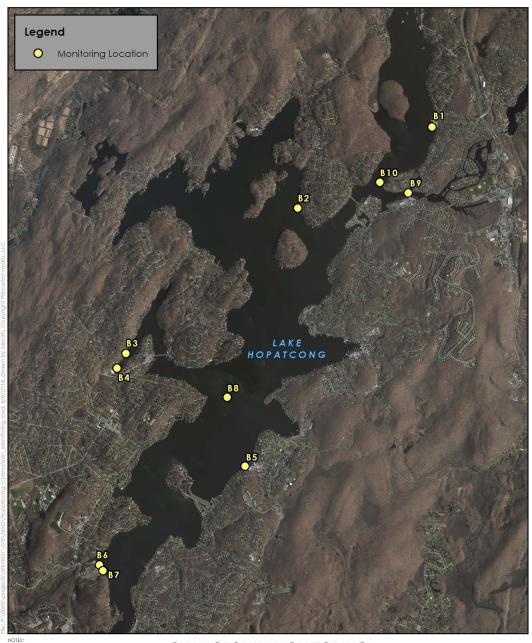
Thank you for your review of this brief summary. Please feel free to contact me or Dr. Fred Lubnow with any questions or concerns.

Sincerely,

Patrick Rose Staff Scientist Princeton Hydro, LLC



## **Site Location Map**



NOTES:

1. Monitoring locations are approximate.

2. 2015 orthoimagery obtained from NJ Office of Information Technology (NJOIT), Office of Geographic Information System (OGIS).



CYANOTOXIN MONITORING LOCATION MAP

LAKE HOPATCONG MORRIS AND SUSSEX COUNTIES NEW JERSEY





## **Photographs of Near-Shore Sampling Sites**

